

1. A method for obtaining an electrical signal from a patient, said method comprising:

locating a probe for measuring an electrical signal of a dermal area

5 near a meridian;

contacting, with an isolation hood of said probe, the dermal area;

actuating a motor and feedback loop to apply pressure to a probe tip

independent of the pressure on the isolation hood against the skin; and

measuring an electrical attribute corresponding to said meridian.

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2. The method of claim 1, wherein locating a dermal area further comprises

providing a point locator for indicating a dermal location having

a substantially greater electrical signal values than a surrounding

dermal area, said point locator configured to produce audible signals

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indicating said dermal location.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein said probe further comprises:

a biasing element operably connected to probe tip to control at least one of the

following:

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a) the rate that pressure is applied to probe tip, and

b) the amount of pressure applied to probe tip

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the biasing element is controlled via a feedback loop to provide a feedback signal containing information with respect to said electrical signal.

5 5. The method of claim 1, wherein said probe tip further comprises:
a convex conductive base; and
an abrasive bristly matrix coupled to a surface area of said
convex conductive base, wherein a plurality of bristles of said abrasive
bristly matrix simultaneously contact said dermal area.

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6. The method of claim 1, wherein said applying pressure to said probe further comprises:

stabilizing said probe against said dermal area;

iteratively measuring a electrical signal value of said dermal area

15 as said pressure increases;

iteratively comparing a present electrical signal value of said dermal

area corresponding to a present amount of pressure to a previous

electrical signal value corresponding to a previous amount of pressure;

and;

20 changing said future amount of pressure when said present

electrical signal value is substantially different than said previous

electrical signal value.

7. A method for obtaining an electrical signal from a patient, said method comprising:

locating a dermal area of said patient approximating a meridian;

contacting, with a probe, said dermal area, said probe comprising:

5 a stationary element to stabilize said probe against said dermal area;

a probe tip operably connected to said biasing element to apply a pressure to said dermal area;

10 a detector operably connected to said probe tip to detect an electrical signal corresponding to said pressure;

a feedback loop connected to said detector to provide a feedback signal containing information with respect to said electrical signal;

15 a biasing element connected to said feedback loop to receive said feedback signal and adjust said pressure in accordance with said feedback signal; and

obtaining, from said probe, an electrical signal corresponding to said meridian.

20 8. The method of claim 8, wherein said locating a dermal area further comprises providing a point locator for indicating a dermal location having a substantially greater bioelectric conductance value than a surrounding dermal area, said point locator configured to produce audible signals indicating said location.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein said probe further comprises:

a conductive base; and

an abrasive bristly matrix coupled to a surface area of said conductive

base, wherein a plurality of bristles of said abrasive bristly matrix

5 simultaneously contact said dermal area.

10. The method of claim 8, wherein said information comprises a bioelectric conductance value.

11. A method for obtaining an electrical signal from a patient, said method comprising:

measuring relative conductance of a dermal area of said patient

proximate a meridian;

5 contacting with a probe the skin, said probe comprising:

a stationary element to stabilize said probe against said location;

a probe tip operably connected to said biasing element to apply

a pressure to said location;

a detector operably connected to said probe tip to detect an electrical

10 signal corresponding to said pressure;

a feedback loop connected to said detector to provide a feedback

signal containing information with respect to said electrical

signal; and

a biasing element connected to said feedback loop to receive said

15 feedback signal and adjust said pressure in accordance with

said feedback signal; and

obtaining, from said probe, an electrical signal corresponding to said
meridian.

20 12. The method of claim 12, wherein said measuring relative conductance of a dermal area further comprises:

iteratively measuring a bioelectric conductance value of a surface of said

dermal area;

iteratively comparing a first said bioelectric conductance value

corresponding to a first surface location to a second said bioelectric
conductance value corresponding to a second surface location;
audibly indicating a dermal location where said second bioelectric
conductance value is substantially greater than said first bioelectric
conductance value.

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13. The method of claim 12, wherein said probe further comprises:

a conductive base; and

an abrasive bristly matrix coupled to a surface area of said conductive

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base, wherein a plurality of bristles of said abrasive bristly matrix
simultaneously contact said dermal area.

14. The method of claim 12, wherein said information comprises a bioelectric
conductance value corresponding to said pressure.

15. A method for obtaining an electrical signal from a patient, said method comprising:

providing electrical feedback to a probe that is configured for measuring an electrical signal of a dermal area near a meridian by contacting the dermal area with said probe and actuating a motor in concert with the electrical feedback to apply pressure to a probe tip independent of the pressure on an isolation hood against the skin;

using the electrical feedback to determine when to stop applying the pressure to the probe tip;

measuring an electrical attribute corresponding to said meridian.

16. A computer program product for implementing within a system a method for utilizing electrical feedback in obtaining an electrical signal from a patient, the computer program product comprising:

5 a computer readable medium for providing computer program code means utilized to implement the method, wherein the computer program code means is comprised of executable code for implementing the steps for:

10 initiating electrical feedback to a probe, wherein the probe is configured for measuring an electrical signal of a dermal area near a meridian by contacting the dermal area with said probe and actuating a motor in concert with the electrical feedback to apply pressure to a probe tip independent of the pressure on an isolation hood against the skin;

using the electrical feedback to determine when to stop applying the pressure to the probe tip as a result of having measured an electrical attribute corresponding to said maridian.